

Rain Barrels





Rain Barrel Workshop

organized through the

City of Rockville and City of Gaithersburg Partnership

workshop materials and presentation by **Biohabitats**





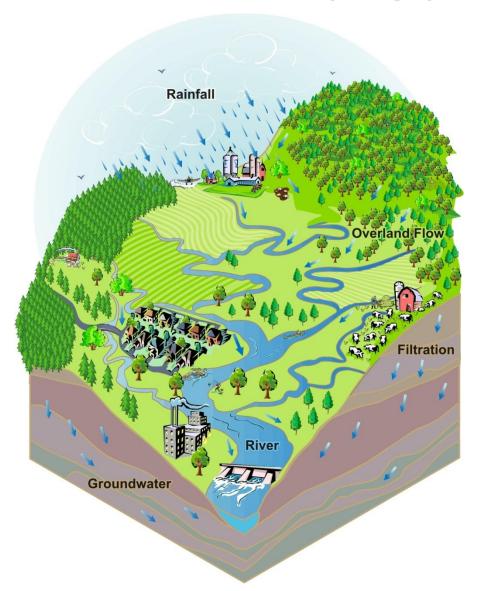


Overview of presentation

- Introduction to Watersheds and Stormwater
- Anatomy of a Rain Barrel
- Selection
- Installation
- Maintenance

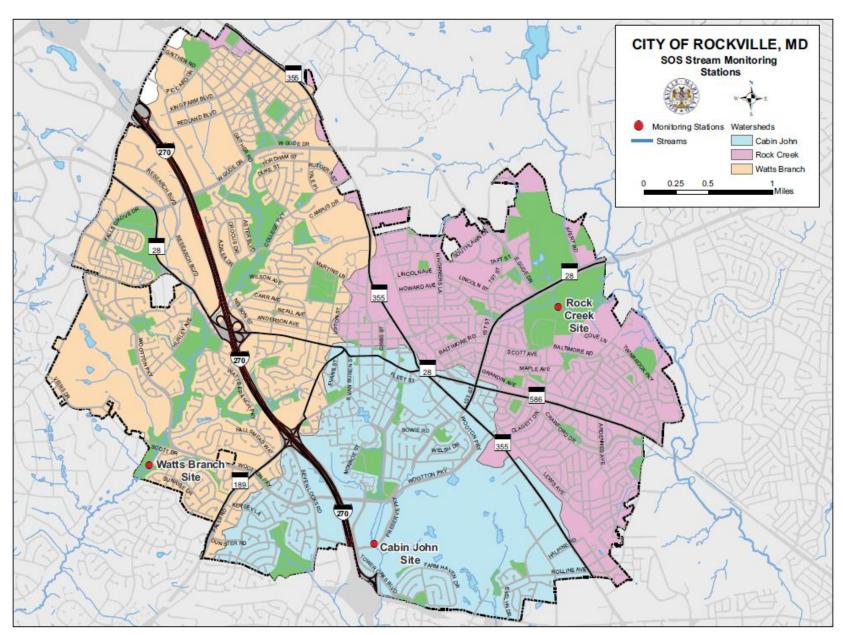


What is a Watershed?



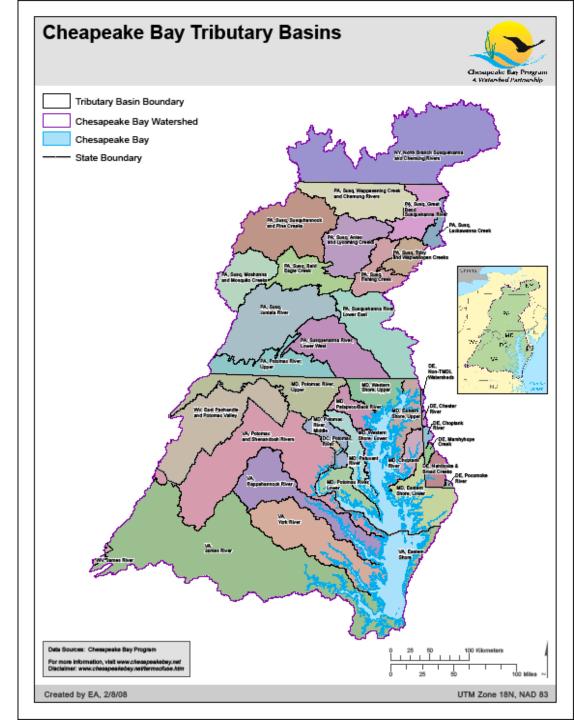
"land area from which all water, and everything carried by that water, flows or drains into a common river, lake, ocean, or other body of water"

Rockville's three watersheds



Rockville's watersheds drain to:

- Potomac River
- Chesapeake Bay



What is stormwater?

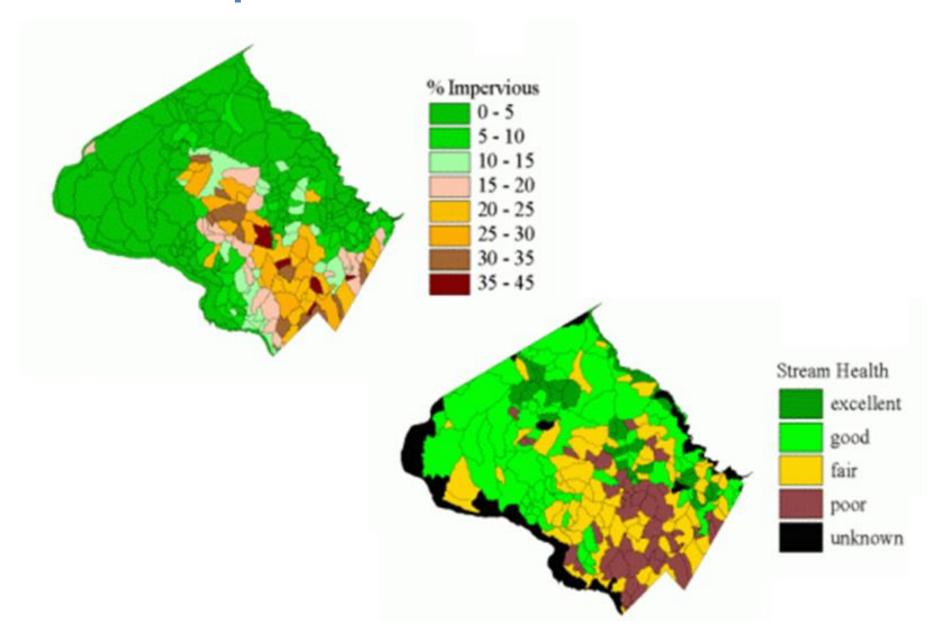








Development effects on stream health



Impacts of stormwater runoff

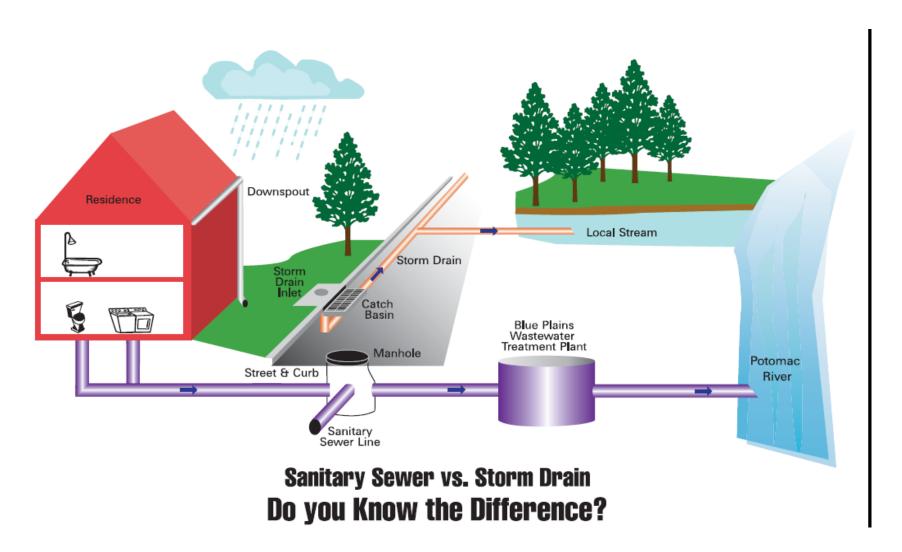
- Flooding
- Erosion
- Sedimentation
- Pollutant transport
- Decreased baseflow



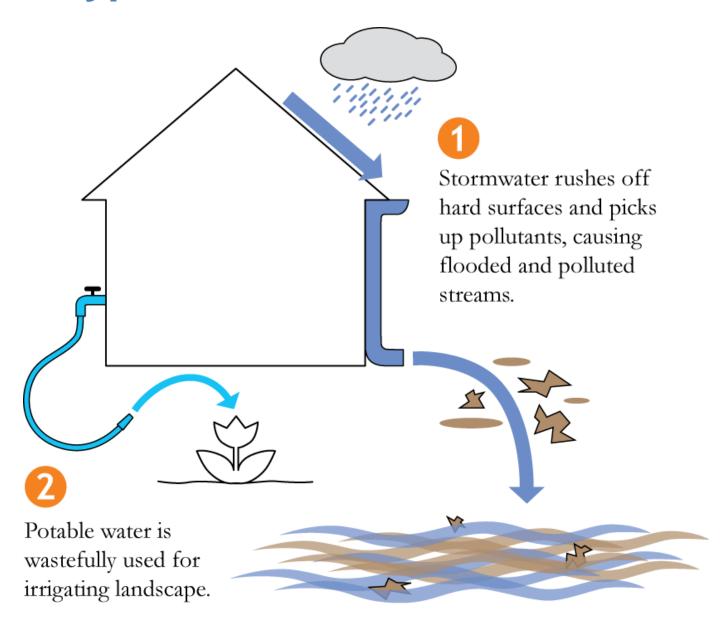




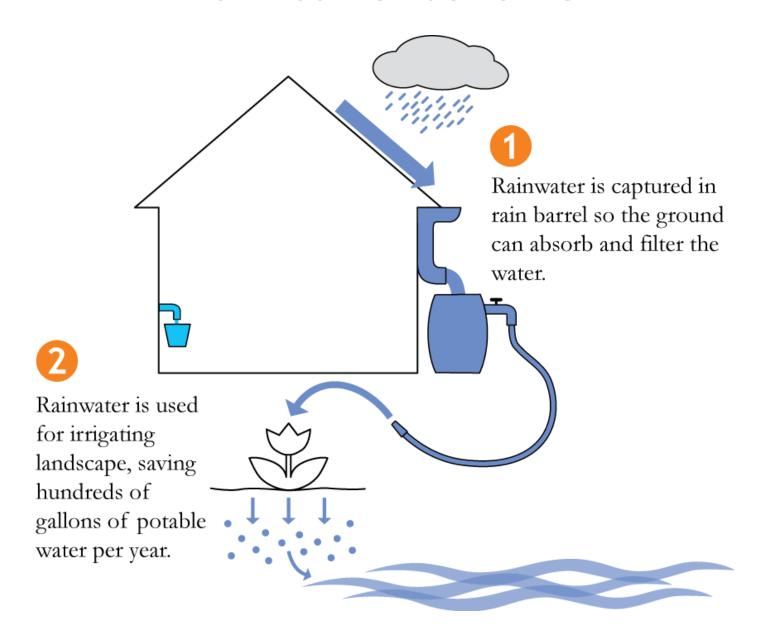
Sanitary Sewers and Storm Drains: What is the difference?



Typical residential scenario



Rain barrel benefits



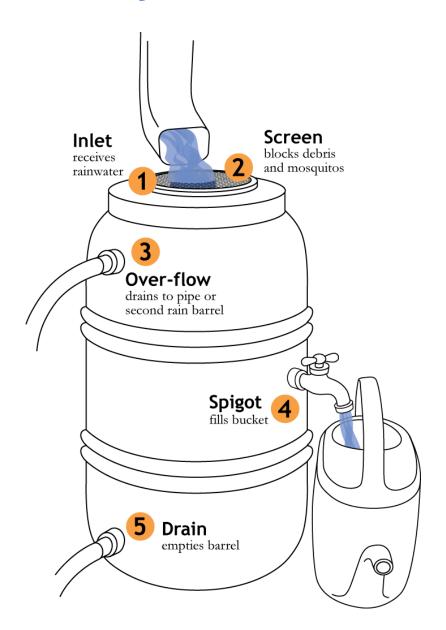
What is a rain barrel?

- A device for small-scale rainwater harvesting
- A stormwater management tool
- Collect, store, use rainwater
- Recycled or purpose-built
- Often 55 gallons





Anatomy of a rain barrel



Selection, installation and maintenance

- 1. Make design decisions
- 2. Create a stable base
- 3. Modify downspout
- 4. Install barrel and fittings
- 5. Perform routine maintenance
- 6. Winterize barrel

Design decisions

Where are the downspouts?

Where will I use the water?

How much water can I use?

How visible will the barrel be?

What will the barrel look like?



Downspout location



Connected to storm drain



Drains to paved surface



Drains to lawn or garden

Where to use the water



Attach a hose



Keep barrel near garden



Drain with soaker hose

Barrel location and visibility





Choosing the right size

- How much water can you use?
- How much space is available?
- How big a stormwater benefit?



Sizing for rainfall capture

Rainfall depth that fills the barrel(s) =

1.6 * V / R

```
    1.6 = Unit conversion factor
    V = Total rain barrel volume (gallons)
    R = Roof area draining to the barrel(s) (square feet)
```

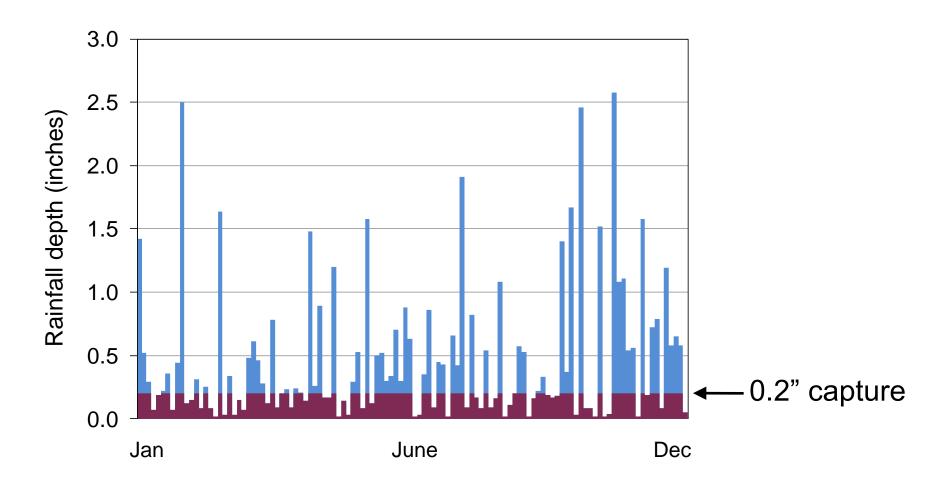
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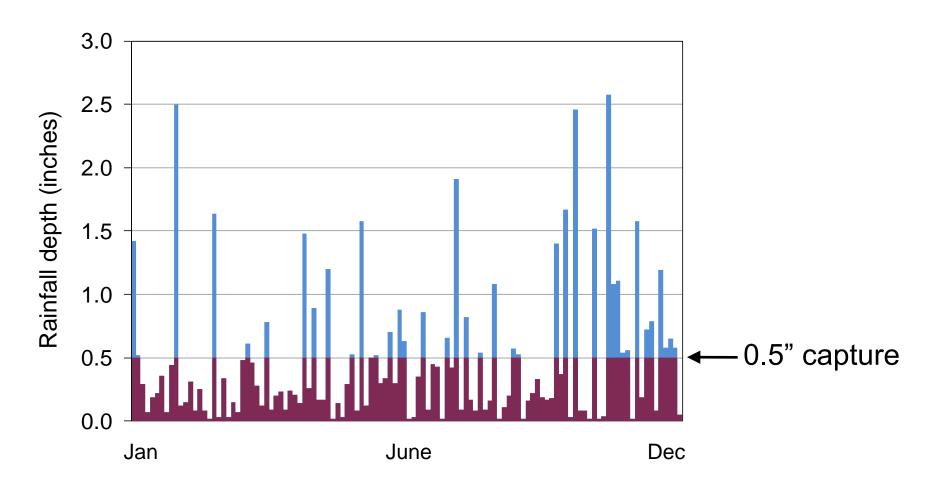
→ 0.2" rain over 450 sq. ft. produces 55 gallons

2003 rainfall



31% of total annual rainfall depth is captured About 1000 gallons captured in summer

2003 rainfall



56% of total annual rainfall depth is captured About 2000 gallons captured in summer

Connecting multiple barrels



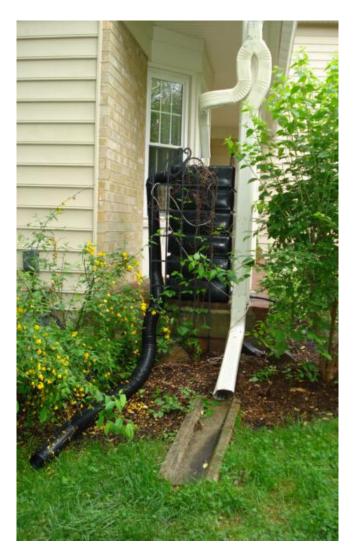


Rain barrel styles around Rockville









Rain barrel styles around Rockville







Selection, installation and maintenance

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Create a stable base

One gallon of water weighs 8.3 pounds 55 gallons = over 450 pounds





Create a stable base







Selection, installation and maintenance

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Getting water into the barrel

Option 1: Redirect entire flow to barrel

- Make simple changes to downspout, or use diverter
- Requires an overflow port
- "On/off" capability recommended for winter









Getting water into the barrel

Option 2: Divert a portion of the flow

- Several diverter models available
- Overflow returns to downspout
- Easy to take offline in winter



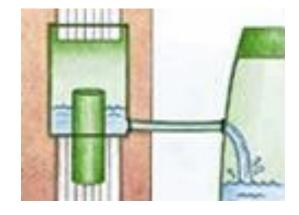


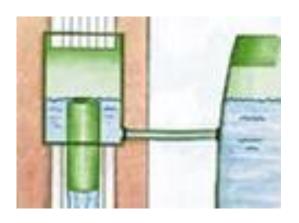
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Measure and mark for cutting







Install diverter device





Re-attach downspout





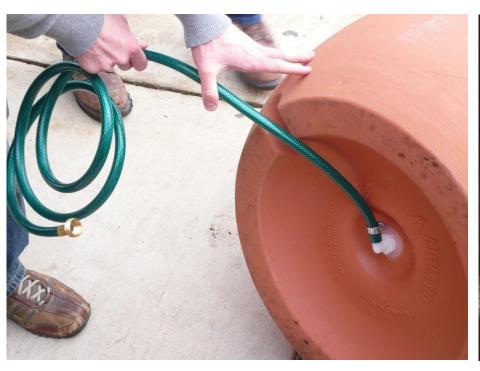
Selection, installation and maintenance

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Attach spigot



Attach outflow hose





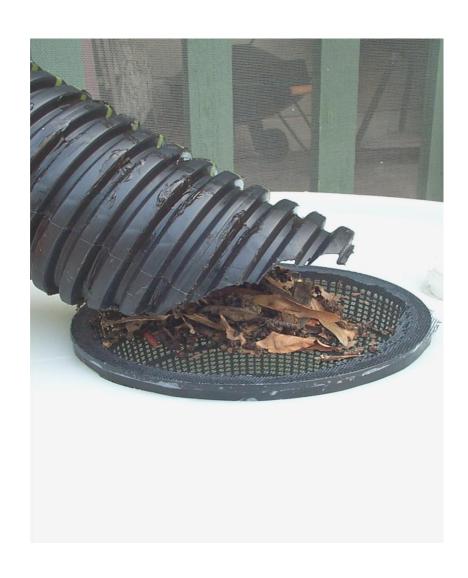
Attach overflow hose







Install screen





Replace and secure lid





Finished!





Selection, installation and maintenance

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Routine maintenance

- Keep gutters clear
- Periodically clean the screen
- Clean well at least once per year:
 - Empty barrel fully
 - Soap and water or biodegradable cleaner
- Mosquitoes:
 - Keep lid secured
 - Add mosquito pellets if needed





Selection, installation and maintenance

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Winter maintenance

- Empty the barrel
- Store indoors or upside down
- Redirect flow onto the yard at least 6' from house







Finishing touches

















City of Rockville installations

